

## FIND PROFIT IN TEARS.

Swindlers Don't Believe It Pays to Wear Smiling Faces.

"Laugh and the world laughs with you, weep and you weep alone," is a fancy so far as the criminal world is concerned. It is said that no matter how long or how loudly a man is able to laugh he is never so formidable a criminal as he who can weep at will.

The arrest in Chicago of C. B. La Salle, of Kalamazoo, Mich., calls attention to this fact in criminal psychology. La Salle, who ordinarily was of a cheerful, happy turn of mind, was accused of no wrongdoing so long as he contented himself with smiling. But whenever he wept copiously there was always an aftermath of accusations of forgery. According to Bowman & Co., private bankers in Kalamazoo, La Salle's unusual facility in weeping while telling his tale of woe was responsible for the ease with which he secured money illegally.

It is a notorious fact known to all good detectives, says the Baltimore American, that the woman criminal most difficult to convict is she who obtains money by preying upon the sympathies. She can always cry, and cry well, and far from weeping alone, she gets her auditor to weep with her, and then gets the money. The sudden death of a relative, who, in fact, never existed; the coming due of a mortgage, which exists only in the imagination; sickness in a household which has no being, and any number of such devices with which pity is aroused are her best cards.

But if a woman who can cry is a dangerous criminal when she turns into paths of crime, the man who can weep is twice as dangerous.

The worst part of it is that after the police have arrested the weeping criminal the prisoner does not lose the power to cry, and with his or her wonderful power of showing emotion which does not exist and of simulating contrition amid bursts of grief, that power is often potent enough to make the complaining witnesses relent.

## FLIMSY ENGLISH BUILDING.

American Structures Are Far More Substantial and Enduring.

It used to be affirmed that English building if tardier was more thorough than American. But this view of the case, says the Conservator, will no longer serve. American building is decidedly more thorough and serviceable. I have as yet to find a house in all London which is not the prey of drafts. Indeed, the horrible dampness of English winters might be shorn of its worst bedroom, sitting-room and dining-room terrors if houses were more solidly put together. In the older parts of the West end this shell-like quality of structures constantly surprises and annoys the foreigner. It is all very well for him if he moans here to spend a few summer weeks. Then he lauds the "delicious coolness" of the climate and fails to realize that in winter stealthy air currents would creep upon him from every quarter. There are hundreds of houses in the smart regions of Portland place, Bayswater, Knightsbridge and Kensington, where an utter lack of repair prevails, where sometimes the wind almost whistles below the ill-joined doors, and where gas is often absent from all but one of the apartments. And yet for lodgings in these houses prices are at all times asked which a New Yorker would regard, in his own city, as the quintessence of extortion.

## A German Criminal Catcher.

Herr Eugen Fass has hit upon an elaborate method of alarming the inhabitants of a town whenever any great crime has been committed, in order to prevent the escape of the criminal. His idea is to erect in all the most public parts of the town booths containing a table, writing materials, telephone and electric bells, and in front a large board for the display of notices. As soon as a crime is committed a bell is set ringing, which calls the nearest policeman, who is informed telephonically of the details, and these he promptly writes down and places them on the display board, so that he who runs may read. Thus, within a few minutes of the perpetration of a crime, a public hue and cry is raised, which it is hoped may end speedily in the capture of the criminal.

## Cleanliness in Churches.

The bishop of Fano, in north Italy, provides for the association of cleanliness with godliness in his instruction to pastors. In all churches after feast days the floors are to be cleansed with a weak sublimate solution. At least once every seven days pews and confessional benches must be wiped with a damp cloth, and the graving of the confessionals washed with lye.

## BREVETS OF WAR.

Lots of girls give themselves away for the asking.—Chicago Daily News.

Mabel—"Poor Eliza! They say he married her for her money." Tom—"Well, he earned it."—Judge.

"Do you believe in the equality of the sexes?" "Yes, I do. But I wouldn't like my wife to know it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Wilson—"I lost that fine silk umbrella that I carried in town to-day." Mrs. Wilson—"Oh, what a pity!" Wilson—"Still, there is one consolation. It wasn't mine."—Somerville Journal.

Muled—"He's an unfortunate man of letters." "Why, I never heard he was an author." "Well, he was the author of several letters that lost him a breach of promise suit."—Philadelphia Press.

Profuse Apologies—"See here!" said the hotel clerk. "You'll have to move on. We can't have any loitering around this hall." "Why," replied the offender, "the head waiter told me to stay here till he came. I'm after a job as a waiter." "O, I beg your pardon. I thought you were only a guest."—Philadelphia Press.

Thinking Hard—"Do you think this train will get through on time?" asked the nervous passenger. "I'm trying to think it," answered the conductor. "I've been trying to think it ever since I went to work. But mental science doesn't seem to do much good on this road."—Washington Star.

The Only Exception—"She's unusually conscientious, you say?" "Yes, indeed; even in the smallest details of life." "Able to resist any sort of temptation?" "Unquestionably." "Has she ever been to Europe?" The champion of woman looked startled. "Oh, well," he said, "of course, if she had a chance to smuggle a few gowns into the country, why—why—that's a different matter."—Chicago Post.

## AUTHORS' EXPLANATIONS.

Sometimes Write Passages They Themselves Cannot Afterward Expound.

Two curious literary anecdotes may be found in Lord Nelson's pages, says the London Chronicle. One tells us that Keble's famous wedding hymn, "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden," was written as a protest against the divorce act. The other states that the "angel faces" of Newman's famous hymn refer to "some visions in his youth which used to rejoice his heart." There is a tradition that Newman in his old age was asked what he had meant by the lines in question, and explained that no doubt he had meant something in particular, but that he had quite forgotten what it was. When a similar question was put to Browning he is said to have referred the inquirer to the Browning society, who could tell him all about it.

Some Gottingen students who had a keen admiration for Klopstock—the "German Milton"—found one of his stanzas unintelligible, and begged him to explain its exact meaning to them. The poet read the stanza—then carefully reread it—then read it again, while all looked on with bated breath. At last he spoke: "I cannot recollect what I meant when I wrote it, but I do remember that it was one of the finest things I ever wrote, and you cannot do better than to devote your lives to the discovery of its meaning." This was pretty good for a modest man, but the finest repartee of the kind is that attributed to old Jacob Boehme, the shoemaker and mystic. Certain disciples came to him on his deathbed, imploring him to expound a difficult passage of crucial importance in his philosophical system. "My dear children," began Boehme, after wrestling in spirit for a time, "when I wrote this I understood its meaning, and no doubt the omniscient God did. He may still remember its meaning, but I have forgotten."

## Napoleon in a Rage.

A story is told of a sudden rage into which Napoleon I. fell one day as he was at dinner. He had scarce partaken of a mouthful when apparently some inopportune thought or recollection stung his brain to madness, and, reeling from the table without rising from his chair—his small stature permitted that—he up-lifted his foot—dash! went the table, crash! went the dinner, and the emperor sprang up, intending to pace the room. Quick as a flash his waiter scratched a few magic symbols on a bit of paper and the emperor's cheek had grown more than double. Napoleon appreciated the delicacy of his attendant, and said: "Thank you, my dear Dumand," with one of his nonchalant smiles. The heretic had blown over.

## AN ARCTIC ROMANCE.

Life Story of a Woman of the Most Northerly Indian Tribe.

Mrs. Chris Sonniksen has left San Jose for Dawson City. She goes by way of Nome, and thence up the river to the northern El Dorado. The going of Mrs. Sonniksen, says the San Jose (Cal.) Mercury, was not chronicled in society events because she is a full-blooded Chug-Chi, the most northerly tribe of Indians on the American continent.

Mrs. Sonniksen was never south of the arctic circle until she married, and until one year ago she was never out of the Land of the Midnight Sun in her whole 38 years of life.

Mrs. Sonniksen was born in the extreme northern end of the American continent. She had many times been to Siberia, had fished and hunted the seal and the walrus in the Kamchatka sea, but never until she met Chris. Sonniksen, miner and fortune-seeker, who left Denmark many years ago, had she been as far south as the arctic circle. A year ago she came clear out of the land of cold and ice to the sunniest land on all the earth. She brought the body of her dead husband to Watsonville for burial. Afterward she took up her residence on Cinnabar street, in San Jose, for the purpose of educating her children, who have been attending the Longfellow school for the past four terms.

Mrs. Sonniksen during her residence here learned English. It was 12 years ago that her husband left Watsonville and San Jose for the north. He encountered the luck of all fortune-seekers until the gold strike on gravel claims was made at Dawson City. He was one of the original locators of a claim on Dominion creek, and when he died he left a fortune estimated at \$200,000 to his squaw widow.

It was years previous to the Klondike excitement that Sonniksen met his wife. He was then trapping and prospecting in the very far north. A descendant of the Norsemen, latitude had no scares for him. He spent a winter at Point Barrow, and there began the courtship with the woman who bore him his children and is now managing his estate.

In the course of his career in the north Sonniksen became impressed with the idea that vegetables could be grown in the arctic regions. As a reward for his investigations, it may be said a large vegetable farm near Dawson City is among the most valuable assets of the widow.

Mrs. Sonniksen experienced no difficulty with the California climate. She was hale and hearty throughout her residence there, and never for a moment complained of her change of latitude. She expects to return next year, and will then become a permanent resident. She leaves her two children, who are attending school.

## WORTH OF BABIES.

A Difference of Opinion on Subject Seems to Have Developed.

A little daughter of J. Ogden Armour, of Chicago, suffered from dislocation of the thigh joint from birth, and was unable to walk. Many doctors were consulted and it was the general opinion that the only relief was by a surgical operation, which the parents were loth to allow. An Austrian specialist, who has had much success in reducing this trouble without the use of a knife, was sent for and came from his home in Vienna, and performed the operation recently and his fee is said to be \$150,000. Dr. Lorenz then performed the same operation on other children, 15 or more, in the hospitals, and made no charge. It is evident that the Armours value their afflicted child at larger figures than some recent valuations of babies fixed by the courts in suits for damages, for example the following:

June, 1899—Jury in city of New York allowed Charles E. Morris for the death of his son.....	\$2.00
November, 1900—Justice Gunsmere, of New Jersey, said that no baby was worth more than one dollar, and therefore allowed Abraham T. Graham for the death of his five-year-old boy.....	\$1.00
November, 1900—Jury in New York city allowed Lawrence Wilson for the death of his five-year-old son.....	\$300.00
May, 1902—Jury in New Jersey allowed Mary O. Plater for injuries to her 13 months' old boy.....	\$30,000.00
If you were called upon to estimate the value of your own baby you would fix it at.....	77777

—St. Paul Globe.

## Schemes of Diamond Thieves.

Probably there are more ingenious thieves in Kimberley than in any city of its size in the world, and they are all after diamonds. One day a Frenchman appeared at Kimberley. He wore boots fitted with Parisian heels, two inches or more in height. A trifling matter of being seen talking confidentially with a native woman directed attention to him. His boot heels were hollow and filled with diamonds.

## PARTITION SALE.

The following farm lands belonging to the estate of the late Hugh G. Smith will be sold at public vendue by the sheriff of Lafayette county at the court house in Lexington on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2nd, 1902.

North-east one quarter of section thirty-three, township fifty, range twenty-five, containing one hundred and sixty acres. Also the north-west one quarter of the south-east one quarter of section thirty-three, township fifty, range twenty-five, excepting about two acres off the north end of said quarter quarter, section thirty-three, and also excepting about one-half acre in the north-east corner of said quarter quarter reserved for a grave yard; and also excepting ten acres in the south-east corner of said quarter quarter in the form of a square, leaving about twenty-seven and one-half acres.

Also all that part of the east one-half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-eight, township fifty, range twenty-five, lying south of the Chicago and Alton Railroad.

Also that part of the west half of the south-east quarter, section twenty-eight, township fifty, range twenty-five, described as follows:—Beginning at the south-east corner of the east half of south-east quarter of said section twenty-eight; thence west along the southern boundary line of said section twenty-eight, four and ninety-three one-hundredths chains, to a stake; thence north to Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago Railroad Company's right-of-way; thence easterly with said railroad company's right-of-way to the western boundary line of the east half of the south-east quarter of said section twenty-eight; thence south with the last mentioned line to the beginning, subject to easement or coal lease rights as defined in a certain deed from H. G. Smith to A. E. Ashby, recorded in book 132, at page 270, on March 4th, 1899, in office of recorder of deeds for Lafayette county, Missouri.

Also the west one-half of the south-east one-quarter and the east one-half of the south-west one-quarter (except north ten acres off of south side of said east one-half south-west one-quarter of said section twenty-three, all in section twenty-five, containing one hundred and fifty acres.

The following described town lots and improved city property belonging to the same estate will be sold by the sheriff at the same place at public vendue to-wit: On

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3rd, 1902.

To-wit: Lot seven, block "M," McCook's addition to Higginsville, Missouri. Also seventy-two acres of land to Higginsville, Missouri.

Also one, two, three, four, five and six, block one, Ashby's addition to Higginsville, Missouri. Also lots eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-two, block "B," Smith's second addition to Higginsville, Missouri.

Also lots three and four, block "C," Smith's second addition to Higginsville, Missouri.

Also twenty feet off of the east side of lot three, block "A," Smith's second addition to Higginsville, Missouri. Also that part of lot three, block "A," Smith's second addition to Higginsville, described as follows:—Beginning at the north-west corner of said lot two, running thence in a southerly direction with west line of said lot two thirty-one feet; thence in a northeasterly direction to a point in the north line of said lot two, forty-nine feet east of the north-west corner of said lot; thence along north line on said lot west to place of beginning.

Also a part of lot two, block "A," Smith's second addition to Higginsville, described as follows:—Beginning at the north-west corner of said lot two, running thence in a southerly direction with west line of said lot two thirty-one feet; thence in a northeasterly direction to a point in the north line of said lot two, forty-nine feet east of the north-west corner of said lot; thence along north line on said lot west to place of beginning.

Also lot one, block "N," McCook's addition to Higginsville, Missouri, (except two feet off of the south side thereof).

Also lot ten, block "I," original Higginsville. Also north forty feet of lot eleven, and south seven feet of lot nine, block "I," original Higginsville. (On these last above named tracts are situated four store rooms).

Also lots nine, ten and eleven, block "B," original Higginsville.

Also east one hundred and twenty feet of lot seven, and north half of lot eight, block "D," original Higginsville.

Also lots nine and ten, block "B," McCook's addition to Higginsville.

Lot one, block "D," original town of Corder.

Also south ten feet of lot two, block "D," original town of Corder.

Also lots two and three, block "E," Fred Lieke's addition to Corder.

Also lot seven, block "E," Fred Lieke's addition to Corder.

For particulars inquire of H. H. Gilman, attorney at Kansas City; or S. N. Wilson, attorney at Lexington; or E. W. Holland American Bank Building, Higginsville, Missouri.

11-153

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of James A. Rankin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 31st day of October, 1902, by the probate court of Lafayette county, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them or allowance to the administrator within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of said letters they will be forever barred.

This 31st day of October, 1902.  
ROBERT J. RANKIN,  
DOUG RANKIN,  
Administrator.

11-844

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TAKING  
When you take Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

The Best Prescription for Malaria, Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No Cure, No Pay. Price 50c.

11-841

Free Blood Cure.  
We recommend Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) for all blood troubles, such as ulcers, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, itching humors, pimples, boils, carbuncles, blood poisoning, itching humors, fevers, etc., etc. It cures all malarial blood or skin diseases, especially advised for old, deep seated cases. It cures when all else fails. Heals every sore or pimple, stops all aches and pains by giving a healthy blood supply. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Thousands cured. Address stores, \$1.00 per large bottle. Our readers will receive a trial treatment free by writing Dr. Williams, 303 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe the trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once prepaid.

11-841

## THE SINGER

IS THE BEST

'Tis Woman's Friend and greatest helper. More perfect than any other Sewing Machine, yet simply and easily understood.

L. W. BRELSFORD,  
Local Agent, Lexington, Mo.

## TIME TABLES.

Missouri Pacific-Lexington Br.

WEST-BOUND TRAINS.

No. 71.	No. 73.
Leave St. Louis.....	7:55 am
Arrive Sedalia.....	9:30 am
" Concordia.....	4:40 pm
" Aulaville.....	4:57 pm
" Higginsville.....	5:08 pm
" Page City.....	5:17 pm
" Lexington.....	5:35 pm
" Myrick.....	5:43 pm
" Watlington.....	5:56 pm
" Waterloo.....	6:05 pm
" Napoleon.....	6:59 pm
" Independence.....	7:00 pm
" Kansas City.....	7:50 pm
" St. Joseph.....	11:14 pm

DAILY.

EAST-BOUND TRAINS.

No. 74.	No. 72.
Leave St. Joe.....	9:55 pm
" Kansas City.....	6:05 am
" Independence.....	6:07 pm
" Napoleon.....	7:01 pm
" Waterloo.....	7:03 pm
" Watlington.....	7:12 pm
" Myrick.....	7:24 pm
" Lexington.....	7:31 pm
" Page City.....	7:50 pm
" Higginsville.....	8:00 pm
" Aulaville.....	8:10 pm
" Concordia.....	8:37 pm
" Sedalia.....	9:45 am
" St. Louis.....	11:10 am

Special rates to Kansas City every Saturday evening and Sunday.

FREIGHTS.

East	West
8:50 am .. Leaves Lexington ..	3:35 am
9:45 am .. " Page City ..	3:50 pm
10:45 am .. " Higginsville ..	4:30 pm
10:50 am .. " Aulaville ..	1:40 pm
11:00 am .. " Concordia ..	1:10 pm
2:15 pm .. " Sedalia ..	10:40 am

Daily, except Sunday.

Jefferson City, Booneville and Lexington Division.

DAILY.

No. 16.	No. 18.
Leave.....	Arrive.....
7:10 am .. Lexington ..	6:01 pm
7:40 am .. Myrick ..	5:46 pm
7:53 am .. Northrup ..	5:30 pm
8:04 am .. Dover ..	5:20 pm
8:13 am .. Dodge ..	5:10 pm
8:24 am .. Waverly ..	4:50 pm
8:12 am .. Marshall ..	4:30 pm
10:30 am .. Booneville ..	3:00 pm

Read down.

Read up.

C. & A. Time Table—Higginsville.

EAST BOUND.

No. 14, Missouri State Express.....	9:50 am
No. 9, Slater Accommodation.....	7:02 pm
No. 10, Calif. and Colo. Limited.....	7:38 pm
No. 72, Slater Accom. (Sunday only).....	9:00 pm
No. 12, St. Louis Vest. Limited.....	10:40 pm
No. 116, Way Freight.....	11:35 am

WEST BOUND.

No. 7, Calif. and Colo. Limited.....	6:11 am
No. 61, Slater Accommodation.....	8:25 am
No. 11, K. C. Vestibule Express.....	12:35 pm
No. 15, Missouri State Express.....	4:21 pm
No. 117, Way Freight.....	9:20 am

S. A. VERMILION, Agent, Higginsville, Mo.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, Albert Johnson, of Mollie Johnson, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated June 15th, 1902, recorded in office of recorder of deeds for Lafayette county, Missouri, in book No. 115, at page 18, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in Lafayette county, Missouri, to-wit: Lots ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block fourteen (14), Pomeroy, Houx and Graham's addition to Lexington, state of Missouri, given to secure a certain promissory note therein described, being of even date and due in three years from date thereof, and default having been made in payment of the said note and part of interest due thereon, I will at the request of the legal holders of said note sell the property above described at auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door, in the city of Lexington, Lafayette county, Missouri, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24th, 1902,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said note, the interest thereon and all costs of executing this trust.

11-164

GEO. M. CATHON, Trustee.

EXECUTION SALE.

Whereas, by virtue of a fore-closure and execution issued from the office of the clerk of the criminal court of Lafayette county, state of Missouri, dated November 8th, 1902, wherein the state of Missouri is plaintiff and William C. Barnett is defendant to me directed and returned to me to the December term, 1902, of said court, I did levy upon and seize, as the property of said defendant, all his right, title and interest in and to the real estate therein described, a notice of which said levy was by me on said date duly filed in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for said county, now therefore, I will on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 8th, 1902,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the court house door, in the city of Lexington, county of Lafayette, state of Missouri, during the session of said court, sell publicly by auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate, situated in Lafayette county, Missouri, to-wit: The south-west quarter of the southwest quarter and the west half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 25, township 54, range 25, to satisfy said judgment and cost thereon.

Given under my hand this 6th day of November, 1902. OSCAR THOMAS, Sheriff.

11-841

Free Blood Cure.

We recommend Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) for all blood troubles, such as ulcers, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, itching humors, pimples, boils, carbuncles, blood poisoning, itching humors, fevers, etc., etc. It cures all malarial blood or skin diseases, especially advised for old, deep seated cases. It cures when all else fails. Heals every sore or pimple, stops all aches and pains by giving a healthy blood supply. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Thousands cured. Address stores, \$1.00 per large bottle. Our readers will receive a trial treatment free by writing Dr. Williams, 303 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe the trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once prepaid.

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## A NEW FAST TRAIN

Between St. Louis and Kansas City and

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And principal points in Texas and the Southwest. This train is new throughout and is made up of the finest equipment, provided with electric lights and all other modern traveling conveniences. It runs via our new completed

Red River Division.

Every appliance known to modern car building and railroading has been employed in the make-up of this service, including

Café Observation Cars, under the management of Fred. Harvey. Full information as to rates and all details of a trip via this new route will be cheerfully furnished, upon application, by any representative of the

FRISCO SYSTEM.

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TO

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